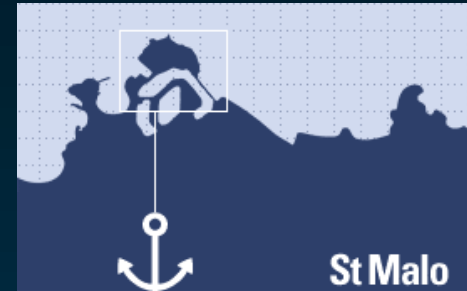Medical Informatics Europe 2003
St-Malo, France
May 6, 2003 - Workshop W20

St Malo

Issues and perspectives
for medical text indexing

Olivier Bodenreider

NATIONAL LIBRARY OF MEDICINE

Lister Hill National Center
for Biomedical Communications
Bethesda, Maryland - USA

The Indexing Initiative

Motivation at NLM

- Increasing volume of biomedical literature
  - MEDLINE has grown from about 7 million citations in 1996 to over 12 million now
  - The number of journals indexed has grown from about 3,750 in 1996 to 4,600 now
- Increasing availability of full text
- Limited resources
  - Especially qualified indexers

The IND Project

- ◆ Objectives
  - ● Investigate automatic and semiautomatic indexing methods
  - ● Producing equal or better retrieval
- ◆ Initially, an independent collection of projects addressing
  - ● Indexing methods
  - ● Evaluation
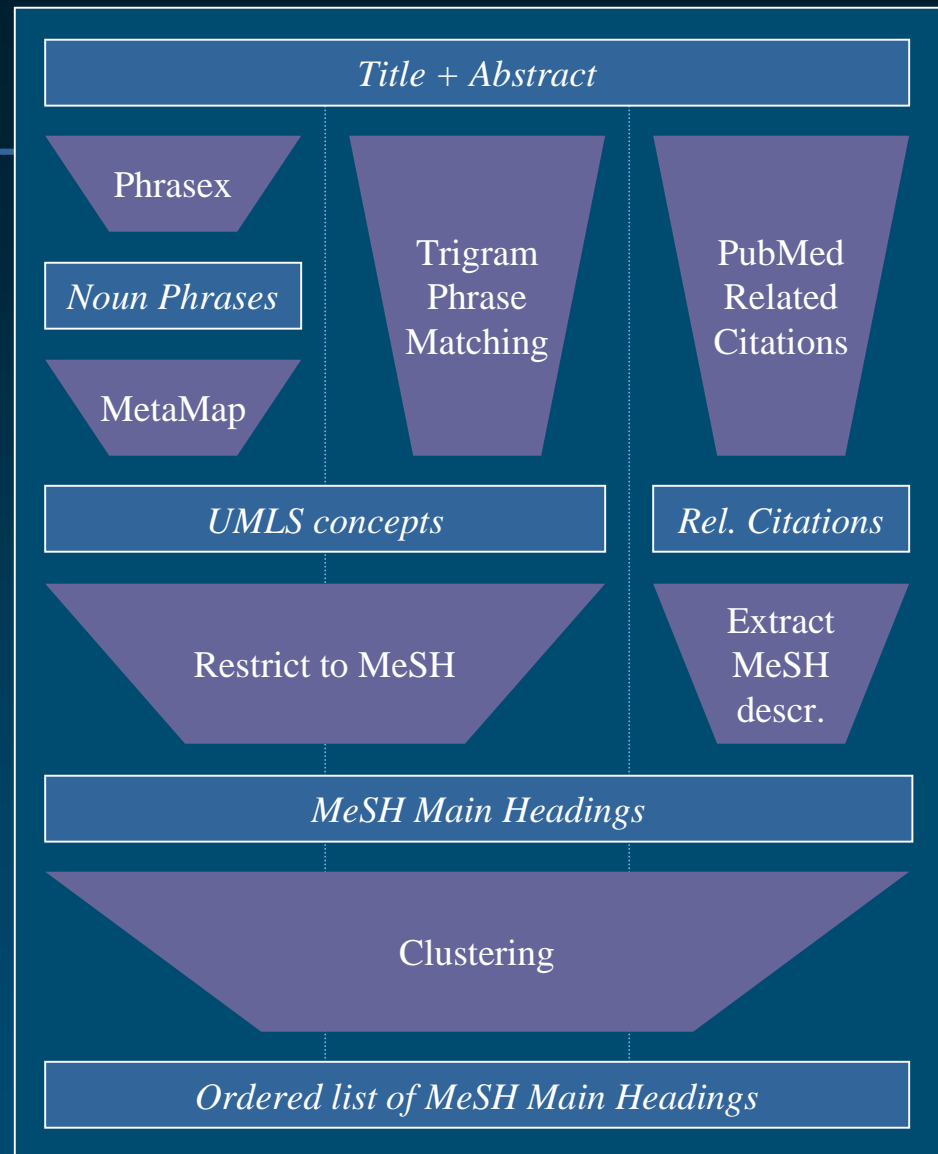 - ● Policy

http://ii.nlm.nih.gov

4

Current status

- ◆ Semi-automatic indexing
  - New citations are indexed every night
  - Suggested descriptors integrated in the environment used by the indexers
  - Ongoing evaluation
- ◆ Automatic indexing
  - Collections not otherwise indexed
  - Descriptors not displayed

Overview

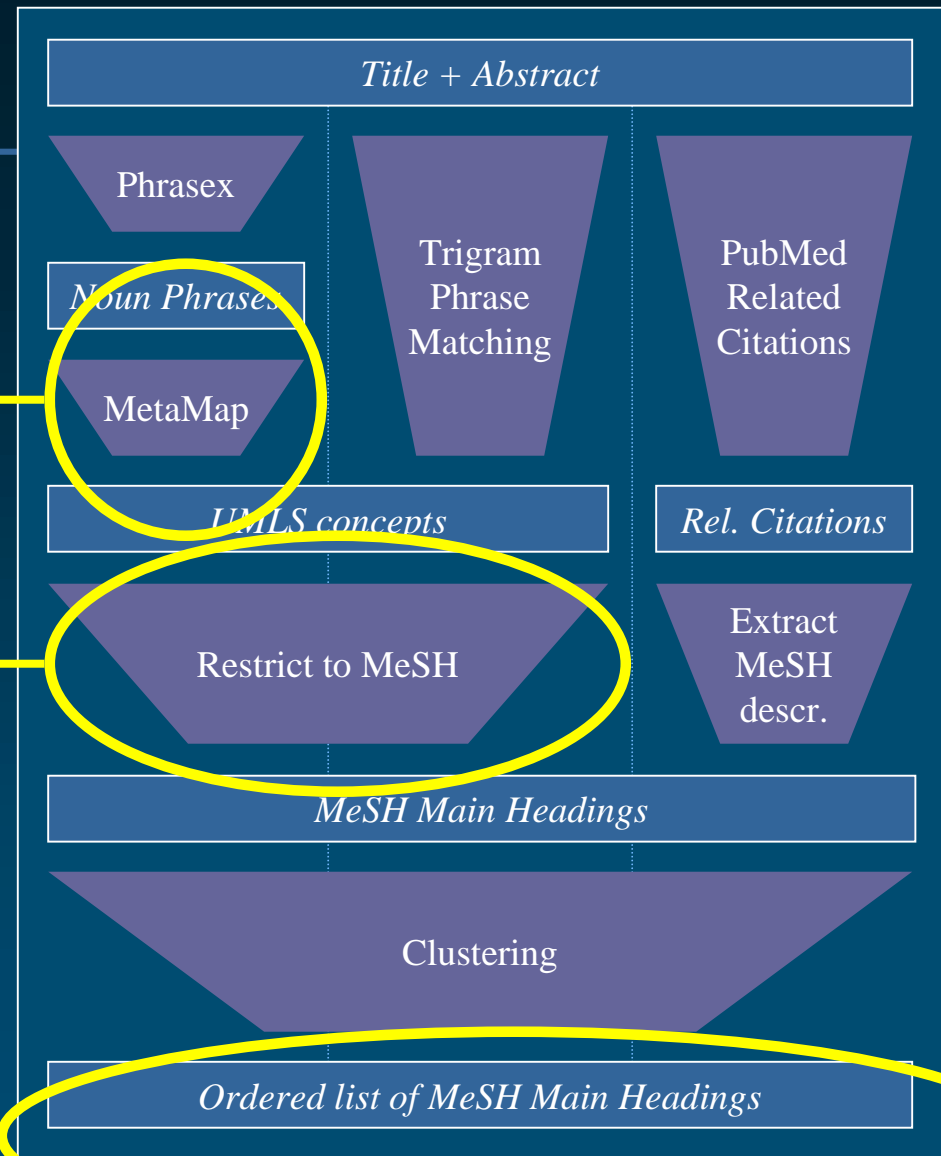Title + Abstract

Phrasex

Noun Phrases

MetaMap

Trigram Phrase Matching

PubMed Related Citations

UMLS concepts

Rel. Citations

Restrict to MeSH

Extract MeSH descr.

MeSH Main Headings

Clustering

Ordered list of MeSH Main Headings

Three issues

Three issues

Word-sense ambiguity

Terminology vs. ontology

Evaluation

Title + Abstract

Phrasex

Noun Phrases

MetaMap

Trigram Phrase Matching

PubMed Related Citations

UMLS concepts

Rel. Citations

Restrict to MeSH

Extract MeSH descr.

MeSH Main Headings

Clustering

Ordered list of MeSH Main Headings

NLM

Word sense ambiguity

- Inherent to natural language processing (NLP)
- Active research field
- Compounded in the biomedical domain
  - Acronyms / abbreviations
  - Gene / gene product names
  - Terms not fully specified

Terminology vs. ontology

- Hierarchies often task-driven rather than based on principles
- Usually suitable for information retrieval
  - Better recall
  - Precision may not be crucial
- Not necessarily suitable for reasoning

Evaluation

◆ **Index-based**

- Gold standard
  - But no ground truth
- Similarity measures
  - But multiple perspectives possible

◆ **Retrieval-based**

- Requires test collections

◆ **System-vs. user-centered**

Perspectives
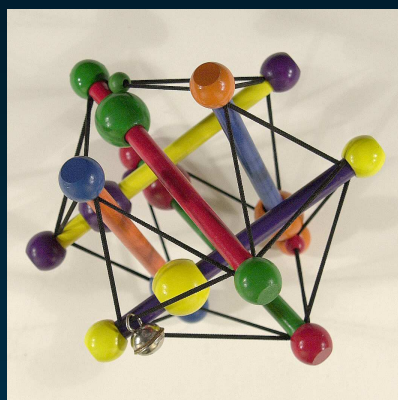
Perspectives

- **Requirements**
  - Better ontologies
  - Better identification of specialized entities (e.g., gene names)
  - Better word-sense disambiguation techniques

- **Tremendous interest** (through data mining and knowledge discovery)
  - In the medical informatics community
  - And beyond (KDD cup 02, genomic track at TREC 03)

Medical Ontology Research

Contact: olivier@nlm.nih.gov
Web: etbsun2.nlm.nih.gov:8000

Olivier Bodenreider

Lister Hill National Center
for Biomedical Communications
Bethesda, Maryland - USA